



Designed for fast* and convenient cathing

* No additional waiting time once the catheter has been wetted

Getting started

For some men, starting intermittent catheterization – or 'cathing' – can be a time of anxiety. You may be facing physical difficulties or entering a completely new phase of your life.

We're here, along with your healthcare team, to make sure your adjustment to cathing is as smooth as possible.

GentleCath[™] Glide

You've been given GentleCath[™] Glide, an intermittent catheter designed to maximize ease of use and convenience. This booklet explains what cathing is and contains all the information you need to get started with GentleCath[™] Glide.

You'll find clear instructions, diagrams and frequently asked questions.

What is cathing?

Cathing refers to the regular insertion of a hollow plastic tube (a catheter) into the bladder to drain urine. You may also hear it referred to as intermittent catheterization (IC) or intermittent selfcatheterization (ISC). BLADDER

URETHRAL

OPENING

Cathing is done when your bladder needs emptying, if you are unable to pass urine, or to drain any remaining urine if your bladder has not emptied completely.

Your bladder needs to be emptied four to six times a day, depending on how much liquid you drink.¹

Urethral opening

The catheter is inserted into the opening of the urethra (the little hole where urine comes out).

Urethra

The catheter travels through the urethra to the bladder.

Bladder

Once the catheter is in the bladder, it can drain the urine.

Introducing **GentleCath[™] Glide**

GentleCath[™] Glide is designed to make cathing as convenient as possible.

How do luse **GentleCath[™] Glide?**

with cathing.



worries associated **Personalized instructions:** you can find customized instructions on how to use GentleCath[™] Glide on the GentleCath[™] me+[™] website.



How does GentleCath[™] Glide help make cathing easier?

Smooth, slippery surface

Feature: a low friction hydrophilic catheter The smooth, slippery catheter is designed to make cathing easier.

Less mess and residue

Feature: FeelClean[™] technology

The catheter is made with our unique technology designed to reduce the mess left behind by cathing, so you can worry less about getting residue on your clothes, hands and body.

Enabling better hygiene

Feature: a no-touch sleeve GentleCath[™] Glide has a no-touch handling sleeve to help prevent contamination of the catheter with bacteria from the hands.^{2,3}

Speed and discretion

Feature: quick preparation

GentleCath[™] Glide is ready to use with no unnecessary delay. You can start cathing as soon as you break the water sachet and wet the length of the catheter - so it can be used quickly and discreetly.

Not made with DEHP

The GentleCath[™] Glide catheter is made without the use of DEHP.*



Frequently asked questions

We have answered some of the most common questions men ask about cathing below.

If you have a question that isn't answered here, you can call one of our live experts toll free at **1-800-422-8811**. You can also access more information through our GentleCath[™] me+[™] website and QR code below. Alternatively, you may wish to contact a member of your healthcare team.







How often should I empty my bladder?

- Many men cath first thing in the morning, last thing at night and about 2–3 times during the day¹
- Cath when you have the urge to urinate or your bladder contains 10–18 fl oz (300-500 mL) of urine¹
- Check the amount when you empty to see that your bladder is not holding more than 18 fl oz (500 mL). If it is, you need to catheterize more often¹
- You should cath as your doctor recommends

What about sex or intimate situations?

- You should be able to have sexual intimacy as before
- You may wish to cath before you engage in sexual activity. This will ensure your own comfort and help to avoid the possibility of leaks
- Remember to wash your penis after sexual activity to help prevent infection

How do I obtain supplies?

There are many retailers who will ship supplies right to your door. Call us for more information at



our online video FAQ may help to answer some of your questions and concerns.



Urinary tract infections (UTIs)

The urinary tract includes all the organs our bodies use to make and get rid of urine, including the kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra. Urine is normally sterile and its natural flow usually prevents bacteria from growing in the urinary tract.

However, when urine stays in the bladder, bacteria have a chance to grow and cause infection.¹

How can I avoid UTIs?

You can help reduce your risk of UTIs in a number of ways

- Wash your hands thoroughly Hand washing and personal hygiene before and after you use the catheter are very important
- Drink enough fluids Try to drink at least 8-10 cups of fluids daily¹
- Use a catheter regularly Regular emptying of urine is important to help reduce the risk of infection¹
- Avoid touching the sterile catheter

No-touch sleeves, as found on GentleCath[™] Glide, can help prevent contamination of the catheter

How do I tell if I may have a UTI?

The following symptoms indicate that you may have a UTI

- Fever
- Pain or a burning when passing the catheter or urine
- The need to empty your bladder more often than usual
- Leakage between cathing
- Kidney pain

Contact a doctor if you experience any of these symptoms.

Medicare guidelines

Medicare at a glance

Many men have questions about catheter supplies and Medicare Guidelines. Here's what you should know.

• Physician prescriptions should reflect the number of times a user caths per day



- Medicare will cover one catheter per cathing episode up to a maximum of 200 per month. You may encounter the following catheter prescription codes and types:
 - A4351: Intermittent urinary catheter with straight tip
 - A4352: Intermittent urinary catheter with Coudé/ Tiemann tip. When a coudé tip catheter (A4352) is used there must be documentation in your medical record stating why you cannot use a straight tip catheter
 - A4353: Intermittent urinary catheter, with insertion supplies, with qualifying documentation in your medical record stating why you need this

The reimbursement information provided by ConvaTec is intended to provide general information relevant to coding and reimbursement of ConvaTec's products only. Coverage and payment policies for the same insurer can vary from one region to another and may change from time to time because of ongoing changes in government and insurance industry rules and regulations. Therefore please confirm HCPS codes with your local DME-MAC, private insurer, or Medicaid agency before processing claims. ConvaTec does not guarantee coverage or payment of its products listed here.

Support networks

There are many support groups available.

You may be interested in joining now, or in the future once you are settled back into a routine.

Local support groups

For information on local support groups contact us at

1-800-422-8811

Our experts are available to answer any questions you may have.



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National support groups

ConvaTec Helpline

- 1-800-422-8811
- Monday Friday
 8:30am 7:00pm EST
- CIC@convatec.com
- www.convatec.com

Miami Project to Cure Paralysis

- Miamiproject.miami.edu
- 1-800-STANDUP (1-800-782-6387)

The Christopher Reeve Paralysis Foundation

- www.crpf.org
- 1-800-225-0292

National Multiple Sclerosis Society

- www.nmss.org
- 1-800-344-4867

Paralyzed Veterans of America

- www.pva.org
- 1-800-555-9140

The Simon Foundation

- www.simonfoundation.org
- 1-800-23SIMON (1-800-237-4666)

Seekwellness

- www.seekwellness.com
- 1-800-840-9301

Call us at

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1-800-422-8811

Monday-Friday, 8:30am-7:00pm EST. CIC@convatec.com www.convatec.com

www.gentlecath.com

Professional advice: our online video FAQ may help to answer some of your questions and concerns.



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Personalized instructions: you can find customized instructions on how to use GentleCath[™] Glide on the GentleCath[™] me+[™] website.



References: 1. Newman D.K. & Willson M.M. (2011) Review of intermittent catheterization and current best practices. *Urological Nursing* 2011 Jan-Feb. 2. Hudson E. & Murahata R.I. The 'no-touch' method of intermittent urinary catheter insertion: can it reduce the risk of bacteria entering the bladder? *Spinal Cord* 2005;43(10):611–614. 3. Charbonneau-Smith R. No-touch catheterization and infection rates in a select spinal cord injured population. *Rehabilitation Nursing* 1993;18(5):296–299, 305.



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Having trouble? Try this...

I'm having trouble inserting or removing the catheter

- Never force the catheter, either when inserting or removing it
- You may feel some resistance when inserting the catheter. If this happens, stop, relax and then take a few deep breaths until your sphincter muscle relaxes
- Some men find that wiggling their toes helps them to relax
- Unable to remove the catheter? Contact your healthcare professional immediately. They will assist you.

No urine is draining

- Check that you've inserted the catheter far enough into your bladder
- Try pulling the catheter back a short distance
- Make sure the 'eyelets' at the tip of the catheter are not blocked
- Unable to drain your urine for over 6 hours? Contact your healthcare professional

Fluid tracker ++++++

To keep track of your fluid intake and output, you may find it helpful to make a chart like the one shown here:

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Void: fl Void: 1 Void: Void: Drink Drink Drink Drink



If you have any questions or would like further guidance please call us on 1-800-422-8811 Monday-Friday 8:30am-7:00pm EST. One of our live experts will answer your call and provide you with the support you need.

www.convatec.com

GentleCath Glide

that's a relief

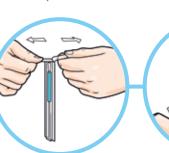
ConvaTec

What you need...

Before you begin, gather the following:

- GentleCath[™] Glide Hydrophilic Intermittent Catheter
- Washcloth or antiseptic wipe
- Also, review the cautions, precautions and observations in the instructions for use provided with the product





- Ensure the water sachet is near the funnel end. Break the sterile water sachet by pressing the bright blue dot or folding the pack along the dotted line marked on the water sachet. Then let the water run down to the tip end of the pack. The catheter should now be used within 1–2 minutes.
- 2. Once the water sachet is broken, open the pack by peeling the tabs apart at the bright blue end.



the bag to the funnel

connector before

catheter from the

removing the

peel pack.

You can also watch a user guide video, tailored to you. Scan below or visit





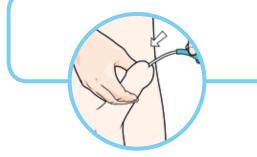
www.gentlecath.com



3. Remove the catheter using the blue handling sleeve. You can re-hang the empty pack with the sticky dot.



4. Slide the handling sleeve toward the catheter tip end. Hold your penis up towards your stomach. This will make it easier to guide the catheter into your bladder. Do not squeeze your penis too hard as this can block the opening of the urethra.



5. Using the handling sleeve, slowly and smoothly slide the catheter into the opening of your urethra and into your bladder until urine starts to flow. Make sure the funnel is pointing into a container.



6. When urine starts to flow, push the catheter in a little (1–2 cms/half an inch) to make sure it is fully in the bladder.

7. Once urine stops flowing, slowly remove the catheter. Stop if more urine starts to flow, until no more comes through.



8. If using a drainage bag, detach it from the catheter, then empty and discard it. Discard the catheter and pack, then wash your hands.